

# Appendix 1



\* required information

**Section 1 of 21**

You can save the form at any time and resume it later. You do not need to be logged in when you resume.

System reference  This is the unique reference for this application generated by the system.

Your reference  You can put what you want here to help you track applications if you make lots of them. It is passed to the authority.

Are you an agent acting on behalf of the applicant?

Put "no" if you are applying on your own behalf or on behalf of a business you own or work for.

Yes  No

**Applicant Details**

\* First name

\* Family name

\* E-mail

Main telephone number  Include country code.

Other telephone number

Indicate here if the applicant would prefer not to be contacted by telephone

Is the applicant:

Applying as a business or organisation, including as a sole trader

Applying as an individual

A sole trader is a business owned by one person without any special legal structure. Applying as an individual means the applicant is applying so the applicant can be employed, or for some other personal reason, such as following a hobby.

**Applicant Business**

Is the applicant's business registered in the UK with Companies House?  Yes  No

Note: completing the Applicant Business section is optional in this form.

Registration number

Business name  If the applicant's business is registered, use its registered name.

VAT number   Put "none" if the applicant is not registered for VAT.

Legal status

Continued from previous page...

Applicant's position in the business

Home country

The country where the applicant's headquarters are.

**Registered Address**

Address registered with Companies House.

Building number or name

Street

District

City or town

County or administrative area

Postcode

Country

**Agent Details**

\* First name

\* Family name

\* E-mail

Main telephone number

Include country code.

Other telephone number

Indicate here if you would prefer not to be contacted by telephone

Are you:

An agent that is a business or organisation, including a sole trader

A sole trader is a business owned by one person without any special legal structure.

A private individual acting as an agent

**Agent Business**

Is your business registered in the UK with Companies House?  Yes  No

Note: completing the Applicant Business section is optional in this form.

Registration number

Business name

If your business is registered, use its registered name.

VAT number

Put "none" if you are not registered for VAT.

Legal status

Continued from previous page...

Your position in the business

Home country

The country where the headquarters of your business is located.

**Agent Registered Address**

Address registered with Companies House.

Building number or name

Street

District

City or town

County or administrative area

Postcode

Country

**Section 2 of 21**

**PREMISES DETAILS**

I/we, as named in section 1, apply for a premises licence under section 17 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the premises described in section 2 below (the premises) and I/we are making this application to you as the relevant licensing authority in accordance with section 12 of the Licensing Act 2003.

**Premises Address**

Are you able to provide a postal address, OS map reference or description of the premises?

- Address     OS map reference     Description

**Postal Address Of Premises**

Building number or name

Street

District

City or town

County or administrative area

Postcode

Country

**Further Details**

Telephone number

Non-domestic rateable value of premises (£)

**Section 3 of 21**

**APPLICATION DETAILS**

In what capacity are you applying for the premises licence?

- An individual or individuals
- A limited company / limited liability partnership
- A partnership (other than limited liability)
- An unincorporated association
- Other (for example a statutory corporation)
- A recognised club
- A charity
- The proprietor of an educational establishment
- A health service body
- A person who is registered under part 2 of the Care Standards Act 2000 (c14) in respect of an independent hospital in Wales
- A person who is registered under Chapter 2 of Part 1 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 in respect of the carrying on of a regulated activity (within the meaning of that Part) in an independent hospital in England
- The chief officer of police of a police force in England and Wales

**Confirm The Following**

- I am carrying on or proposing to carry on a business which involves the use of the premises for licensable activities
- I am making the application pursuant to a statutory function
- I am making the application pursuant to a function discharged by virtue of Her Majesty's prerogative

**Section 4 of 21**

**NON INDIVIDUAL APPLICANTS**

Provide name and registered address of applicant in full. Where appropriate give any registered number. In the case of a partnership or other joint venture (other than a body corporate), give the name and address of each party concerned.

**Non Individual Applicant's Name**

Name

**Details**

Registered number (where applicable)

Description of applicant (for example partnership, company, unincorporated association etc)

Continued from previous page...

Limited Company - ID of Director supplied

**Address**

Building number or name

Street

District

City or town

County or administrative area

Postcode

Country

**Contact Details**

E-mail

Telephone number

Other telephone number

\* Date of birth

\* Nationality  Documents that demonstrate entitlement to work in the UK

Add another applicant

**Section 5 of 21**

**OPERATING SCHEDULE**

When do you want the premises licence to start?  /  /

dd mm yyyy

If you wish the licence to be valid only for a limited period, when do you want it to end  /  /

dd mm yyyy

Provide a general description of the premises

For example the type of premises, its general situation and layout and any other information which could be relevant to the licensing objectives. Where your application includes off-supplies of alcohol and you intend to provide a place for consumption of these off-supplies you must include a description of where the place will be and its proximity to the premises.

A convenience store / delicatessen offering a range of groceries and goods in addition to the sale of alcohol

*Continued from previous page...*

If 5,000 or more people are expected to attend the premises at any one time, state the number expected to attend

**Section 6 of 21**

**PROVISION OF PLAYS**

[See guidance on regulated entertainment](#)

Will you be providing plays?

- Yes  No

**Section 7 of 21**

**PROVISION OF FILMS**

[See guidance on regulated entertainment](#)

Will you be providing films?

- Yes  No

**Section 8 of 21**

**PROVISION OF INDOOR SPORTING EVENTS**

[See guidance on regulated entertainment](#)

Will you be providing indoor sporting events?

- Yes  No

**Section 9 of 21**

**PROVISION OF BOXING OR WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENTS**

[See guidance on regulated entertainment](#)

Will you be providing boxing or wrestling entertainments?

- Yes  No

**Section 10 of 21**

**PROVISION OF LIVE MUSIC**

[See guidance on regulated entertainment](#)

Will you be providing live music?

- Yes  No

**Section 11 of 21**

**PROVISION OF RECORDED MUSIC**

[See guidance on regulated entertainment](#)

Will you be providing recorded music?

- Yes  No

**Section 12 of 21**

**PROVISION OF PERFORMANCES OF DANCE**

[See guidance on regulated entertainment](#)

Will you be providing performances of dance?

Continued from previous page...

**Section 13 of 21**

**PROVISION OF ANYTHING OF A SIMILAR DESCRIPTION TO LIVE MUSIC, RECORDED MUSIC OR PERFORMANCES OF DANCE**

[See guidance on regulated entertainment](#)

Will you be providing anything similar to live music, recorded music or performances of dance?

Yes  No

**Section 14 of 21**

**LATE NIGHT REFRESHMENT**

Will you be providing late night refreshment?

Yes  No

**Section 15 of 21**

**SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL**

Will you be selling or supplying alcohol?

Yes  No

**Standard Days And Timings**

**MONDAY**

Start

End

Start

End

**TUESDAY**

Start

End

Start

End

**WEDNESDAY**

Start

End

Start

End

**THURSDAY**

Start

End

Start

End

**FRIDAY**

Start

End

Start

End

**SATURDAY**

Start

End

Start

End

Give timings in 24 hour clock.  
(e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days  
of the week when you intend the premises  
to be used for the activity.



Continued from previous page...

SUNDAY

Start

End

Start

End

Will the sale of alcohol be for consumption:

- On the premises     Off the premises     Both

If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on the premises select on, if the sale of alcohol is for consumption away from the premises select off. If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on the premises and away from the premises select both.

State any seasonal variations

For example (but not exclusively) where the activity will occur on additional days during the summer months.

Non-standard timings. Where the premises will be used for the supply of alcohol at different times from those listed in the column on the left, list below

For example (but not exclusively), where you wish the activity to go on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.

State the name and details of the individual whom you wish to specify on the licence as premises supervisor

**Name**

First name

Family name

Date of birth  /  /   
dd      mm      yyyy

Continued from previous page...

**Enter the contact's address**

Building number or name	<input type="text"/>
Street	<input type="text"/>
District	<input type="text"/>
City or town	<input type="text"/>
County or administrative area	<input type="text"/>
Postcode	<input type="text"/>
Country	<input type="text" value="United Kingdom"/>
Personal Licence number (if known)	<input type="text"/>
Issuing licensing authority (if known)	<input type="text"/>

**PROPOSED DESIGNATED PREMISES SUPERVISOR CONSENT**

How will the consent form of the proposed designated premises supervisor be supplied to the authority?

- Electronically, by the proposed designated premises supervisor
- As an attachment to this application

Reference number for consent form (if known)

If the consent form is already submitted, ask the proposed designated premises supervisor for its 'system reference' or 'your reference'.

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**ADULT ENTERTAINMENT**

Highlight any adult entertainment or services, activities, or other entertainment or matters ancillary to the use of the premises that may give rise to concern in respect of children

Give information about anything intended to occur at the premises or ancillary to the use of the premises which may give rise to concern in respect of children, regardless of whether you intend children to have access to the premises, for example (but not exclusively) nudity or semi-nudity, films for restricted age groups etc gambling machines etc.

There will be no activity of this nature

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**HOURS PREMISES ARE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC**

**Standard Days And Timings**

MONDAY

Start

End

Start

End

Give timings in 24 hour clock. (e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days of the week when you intend the premises to be used for the activity.

Continued from previous page...

TUESDAY

Start	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>	End	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>
Start	<input type="text"/>	End	<input type="text"/>

WEDNESDAY

Start	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>	End	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>
Start	<input type="text"/>	End	<input type="text"/>

THURSDAY

Start	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>	End	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>
Start	<input type="text"/>	End	<input type="text"/>

FRIDAY

Start	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>	End	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>
Start	<input type="text"/>	End	<input type="text"/>

SATURDAY

Start	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>	End	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>
Start	<input type="text"/>	End	<input type="text"/>

SUNDAY

Start	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>	End	<input type="text" value="00:00"/>
Start	<input type="text"/>	End	<input type="text"/>

State any seasonal variations

For example (but not exclusively) where the activity will occur on additional days during the summer months.

Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises to be open to the members and guests at different times from those listed in the column on the left, list below

For example (but not exclusively), where you wish the activity to go on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.

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**LICENSING OBJECTIVES**

Describe the steps you intend to take to promote the four licensing objectives:

a) General – all four licensing objectives (b,c,d,e)

*Continued from previous page...*

List here steps you will take to promote all four licensing objectives together.

Please see attached schedule of conditions

b) The prevention of crime and disorder

Please see attached schedule of conditions

c) Public safety

Please see attached schedule of conditions

d) The prevention of public nuisance

Please see attached schedule of conditions

e) The protection of children from harm

Please see attached schedule of conditions

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**NOTES ON DEMONSTRATING ENTITLEMENT TO WORK IN THE UK**

*Continued from previous page...*

**Entitlement to work/immigration status for individual applicants and applications from partnerships which are not limited liability partnerships:**

A licence may not be held by an individual or an individual in a partnership who is resident in the UK who:

- does not have the right to live and work in the UK; or
- is subject to a condition preventing him or her from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

Any premises licence issued in respect of an application made on or after 6 April 2017 will become invalid if the holder ceases to be entitled to work in the UK.

Applicants must demonstrate that they have an entitlement to work in the UK and are not subject to a condition preventing them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity. They do this by providing with this application copies or scanned copies of the following documents (which do not need to be certified).

**Documents which demonstrate entitlement to work in the UK**

- An expired or current passport showing the holder, or a person named in the passport as the child of the holder, is a British citizen or a citizen of the UK and Colonies having the right of abode in the UK [please see note below about which sections of the passport to copy].
- An expired or current passport or national identity card showing the holder, or a person named in the passport as the child of the holder, is a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Registration Certificate or document certifying permanent residence issued by the Home Office to a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Permanent Residence Card issued by the Home Office to the family member of a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A **current** Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder indicating that the person named is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A **current** passport endorsed to show that the holder is exempt from immigration control, is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, has the right of abode in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A **current** Immigration Status Document issued by the Home Office to the holder with an endorsement indicating that the named person is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK or has no time limit on their stay in the UK, **when produced in combination with** an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A **full** birth or adoption certificate issued in the UK which includes the name(s) of at least one of the holder's parents or adoptive parents, **when produced in combination with** an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A birth or adoption certificate issued in the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man or Ireland **when produced in combination with** an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A certificate of registration or naturalisation as a British citizen, **when produced in combination with** an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A **current** passport endorsed to show that the holder is allowed to stay in the UK and is currently allowed to work and is not subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

*Continued from previous page...*

- A **current** Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder which indicates that the named person can currently stay in the UK and is allowed to work relation to the carrying on of a licensable activity.
- A **current** Residence Card issued by the Home Office to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights or residence.
- A **current** Immigration Status Document containing a photograph issued by the Home Office to the holder with an endorsement indicating that the named person may stay in the UK, and is allowed to work and is not subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity **when produced in combination with** an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A Certificate of Application, **less than 6 months old**, issued by the Home Office under regulation 17(3) or 18A (2) of the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2006, to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence.
- Reasonable evidence that the person has an outstanding application to vary their permission to be in the UK with the Home Office such as the Home Office acknowledgement letter or proof of postage evidence, or reasonable evidence that the person has an appeal or administrative review pending on an immigration decision, such as an appeal or administrative review reference number.
- Reasonable evidence that a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence in exercising treaty rights in the UK including:-
  - evidence of the applicant's own identity – such as a passport,
  - evidence of their relationship with the European Economic Area family member – e.g. a marriage certificate, civil partnership certificate or birth certificate, and
  - evidence that the European Economic Area national has a right of permanent residence in the UK or is one of the following if they have been in the UK for more than 3 months:
    - (i) working e.g. employment contract, wage slips, letter from the employer,
    - (ii) self-employed e.g. contracts, invoices, or audited accounts with a bank,
    - (iii) studying e.g. letter from the school, college or university and evidence of sufficient funds; or
    - (iv) self-sufficient e.g. bank statements.

Family members of European Economic Area nationals who are studying or financially independent must also provide evidence that the European Economic Area national and any family members hold comprehensive sickness insurance in the UK. This can include a private medical insurance policy, an EHC card or an S1, S2 or S3 form.

**Original documents must not be sent to licensing authorities.** If the document copied is a passport, a copy of the following pages should be provided:-

- (i) any page containing the holder's personal details including nationality;
- (ii) any page containing the holder's photograph;
- (iii) any page containing the holder's signature;
- (iv) any page containing the date of expiry; and
- (v) any page containing information indicating the holder has permission to enter or remain in the UK and is permitted to work.

If the document is not a passport, a copy of the whole document should be provided.

Your right to work will be checked as part of your licensing application and this could involve us checking your immigration status with the Home Office. We may otherwise share information with the Home Office. Your licence application will not be determined until you have complied with this guidance.

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### **NOTES ON REGULATED ENTERTAINMENT**

*Continued from previous page...*

In terms of specific **regulated entertainments** please note that:

- **Plays:** no licence is required for performances between 08:00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
- **Films:** no licence is required for 'not-for-profit' film exhibition held in community premises between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day provided that the audience does not exceed 500 and the organiser (a) gets consent to the screening from a person who is responsible for the premises; and (b) ensures that each such screening abides by age classification ratings.
- **Indoor sporting events:** no licence is required for performances between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000.
- **Boxing or Wrestling Entertainment:** no licence is required for a contest, exhibition or display of Greco-Roman wrestling, or freestyle wrestling between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000. Combined fighting sports – defined as a contest, exhibition or display which combines boxing or wrestling with one or more martial arts – are licensable as a boxing or wrestling entertainment rather than an indoor sporting event.
- **Live music:** no licence permission is required for:
  - o a performance of unamplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, on any premises.
  - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
  - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a workplace that is not licensed to sell alcohol on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
  - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
  - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.
- **Recorded Music:** no licence permission is required for:
  - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
  - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
  - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school proprietor or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.

Continued from previous page...

- Dance: no licence is required for performances between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 500. However, a performance which amounts to adult entertainment remains licensable.
- Cross activity exemptions: no licence is required between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, with no limit on audience size for:
  - o any entertainment taking place on the premises of the local authority where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the local authority;
  - o any entertainment taking place on the hospital premises of the health care provider where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the health care provider;
  - o any entertainment taking place on the premises of the school where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the school proprietor; and
  - o any entertainment (excluding films and a boxing or wrestling entertainment) taking place at a travelling circus, provided that (a) it takes place within a moveable structure that accommodates the audience, and (b) that the travelling circus has not been located on the same site for more than 28 consecutive days.

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### PAYMENT DETAILS

This fee must be paid to the authority. If you complete the application online, you must pay it by debit or credit card.

Premises Licence Fees are determined by the non domestic rateable value of the premises.

To find out a premises non domestic rateable value go to the Valuation Office Agency site at [http://www.voa.gov.uk/business\\_rates/index.htm](http://www.voa.gov.uk/business_rates/index.htm)

Band A - No RV to £4,300 = £100.00

Band B - £4,301 to £33,000 = £190.00

Band C - £33,001 to £8700 = 315.00

Band D - £87001 to £12500 = £450.00\*

Band E - £125001 and over = 635.00\*

\*If the premises rateable value is in Bands D or E and the premises is primarily used for the consumption of alcohol on the premises then your are required to pay a higher fee

Band D - £7001 to £12500 = £900.00

Band E - £125001 and over £1,905.00

There is an exemption from the payment of fees in relation to the provision of regulated entertainment at church halls, chapel halls or premises of a similar nature, village halls, parish or community halls, or other premises of a similar nature. The costs associated with these licences will be met by central Government. If, however, the licence also authorises the use of the premises for the supply of alcohol or the provision of late night refreshment, a fee will be required.

Schools and sixth form colleges are exempt from the fees associated with the authorisation of regulated entertainment only where the entertainment is provided by and at the school or college and for the purposes of the school or college.

If you operate a large event you are subject to ADDITIONAL fees based upon the number in attendance at any one time

Capacity 5000-9999 = £1,000.00

Capacity 10000 -14999 = £2,000.00

Capacity 15000-19999 = £4,000.00

Capacity 20000-29999 = £8,000.00

Capacity 30000-39000 = £16,000.00

Capacity 40000-49999 = £24,000.00

Capacity 50000-59999 = £32,000.00

Capacity 60000-69999 = £40,000.00

Capacity 70000-79999 = £48,000.00

Capacity 80000-89999 = £56,000.00

Capacity 90000 and over = £64,000.00

\* Fee amount (£)

100.00

### DECLARATION

1



Continued from previous page...

\* I/we understand it is an offence, liable on conviction to a fine up to level 5 on the standard scale, under section 158 of the licensing act 2003, to make a false statement in or in connection with this application.

The 28 full days consultation period on the public notice on the premises and on the newspaper must state the same consultation end date. The advert on the local newspaper must be published on at least one occasion during the period of 10 working days starting on the day after the day on which the application was given to the Licensing Authority.

[Applicable to individual applicants only, including those in a partnership which is not a limited liability partnership] I understand I am not entitled to be issued with a licence if I do not have the entitlement to live and work in the UK (or if I am subject to a condition preventing me from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity) and that my licence will become invalid if I cease to be entitled to live and work in the UK (please read guidance note 15).

The DPS named in this application form is entitled to work in the UK (and is not subject to conditions preventing him or her from doing work relating to a licensable activity) and I have seen a copy of his or her proof of entitlement to work, if appropriate (please see note 15)

Ticking this box indicates you have read and understood the above declaration

This section should be completed by the applicant, unless you answered "Yes" to the question "Are you an agent acting on behalf of the applicant?"

\* Full name

\* Capacity

\* Date  /  /   
dd mm yyyy

Once you're finished you need to do the following:

1. Save this form to your computer by clicking file/save as...
2. Go back to <https://www.gov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/premises-licence/tower-hamlets/apply-1> to upload this file and continue with your application.

Don't forget to make sure you have all your supporting documentation to hand.

**IT IS AN OFFENCE LIABLE TO SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION**

**IT IS AN OFFENCE UNDER SECTION 24B OF THE IMMIGRATION ACT 1971 FOR A PERSON TO WORK WHEN THEY KNOW, OR HAVE REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE, THAT THEY ARE DISQUALIFIED FROM DOING SO BY REASON OF THEIR IMMIGRATION STATUS. THOSE WHO EMPLOY AN ADULT WITHOUT LEAVE OR WHO IS SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS AS TO EMPLOYMENT WILL BE LIABLE TO A CIVIL PENALTY UNDER SECTION 15 OF THE IMMIGRATION, ASYLUM AND NATIONALITY ACT 2006 AND PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE SAME ACT, WILL BE COMMITTING AN OFFENCE WHERE THEY DO SO IN THE KNOWLEDGE, OR WITH REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE, THAT THE EMPLOYEE IS DISQUALIFIED**

**OFFICE USE ONLY**

Applicant reference number	<input type="text" value="GEO Unit 1"/>
Fee paid	<input type="text"/>
Payment provider reference	<input type="text"/>
ELMS Payment Reference	<input type="text"/>
Payment status	<input type="text"/>
Payment authorisation code	<input type="text"/>
Payment authorisation date	<input type="text"/>
Date and time submitted	<input type="text"/>
Approval deadline	<input type="text"/>
Error message	<input type="text"/>
Is Digitally signed	<input type="checkbox"/>

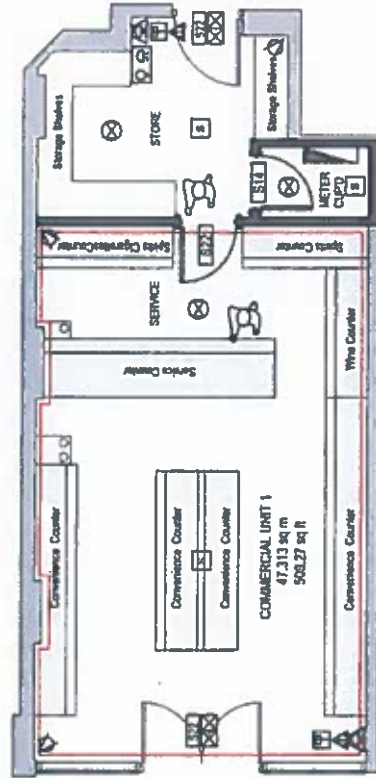
< Previous 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 Next >

### Schedule of conditions for convenience store

1. Prominent, clear and legible notices are displayed at all exits requesting the public to respect the needs of local residents and to leave the premises and the area quietly;
2. The premises licence holder shall ensure that reasonable and adequate staff training shall be carried out and properly documented in relation to, dealing with incidents and prevention of crime and disorder; sale of alcohol to underage persons; persons over 18 purchasing for underage; drunks etc) prior to being allowed to sell alcohol.
3. The premises licence holder shall ensure that refresher training shall be completed every 12 months for all relevant staff.
4. The premises licence holder shall ensure that records for all training and refresher training shall be retained for no less than 12 months and made available to police and local authority officers upon reasonable request.
5. The premises licence holder shall ensure that the premises shall install and maintain a CCTV system. CCTV will be provided in the form of a recordable system, capable of providing pictures of evidential quality in all lighting conditions particularly facial recognition. Cameras shall encompass all ingress and egress to the premises and all areas where the sale/supply of alcohol occurs.
6. The premises licence holder shall ensure that in the event of a failure of the CCTV, it is repaired as quickly as possible.
7. The premises licence holder shall ensure that the CCTV system shall continually record whilst the premises is open to members of the public.
8. The premises licence holder shall ensure that all CCTV recordings shall be stored for a minimum period of 31 days. Recordings shall be made available upon reasonable request to police or local authority officers within 48 hours, subject to Data Protection legislation.
9. The premises licence holder shall operate a 'Challenge 25' scheme at the premises whereby anyone who appears to be under the age of 25 shall be asked to provide proof of age that he or she is over 18. Proof of age shall only comprise of a passport, a photo-card driving licence or an industry approved proof of age identity card.
10. The premises licence holder shall ensure that notices shall be displayed in the premises, advising;
  - CCTV is in operation
  - a 'Challenge 25' scheme operates in the premises
  - 'No proof of age – no Sale'
  - Patrons should respect the needs of local residents and leave the area quietly
11. The premises licence holder shall ensure that any refusals of sale of age-related products are recorded in a refusals log. The log should show:
  - (i) the date and time of the refusal;
  - (ii) the product(s) attempted to be purchased;
  - (iii) a description of the customer; and
  - (iv) the signature of the staff member who made the refusal.

# Appendix 2

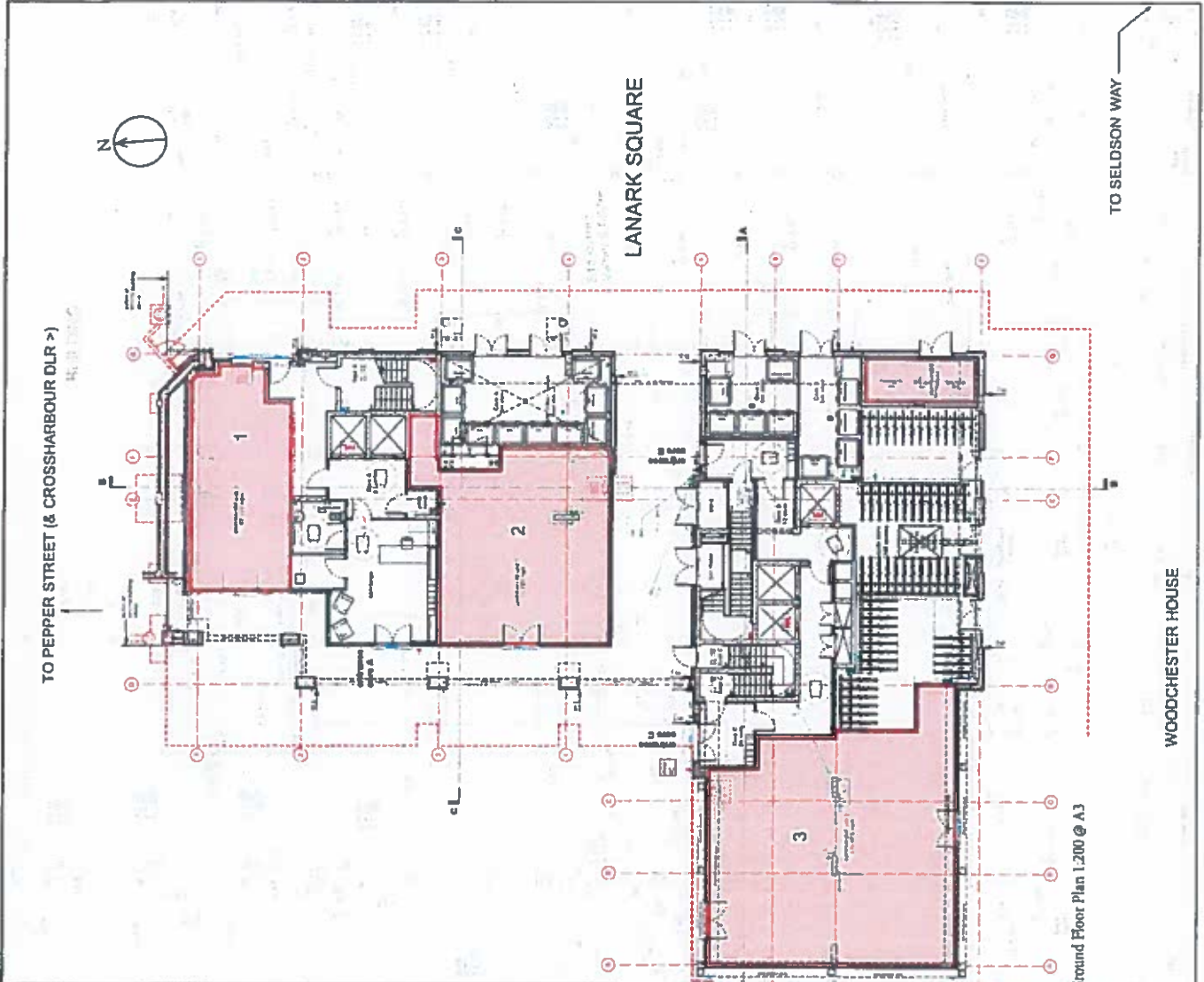
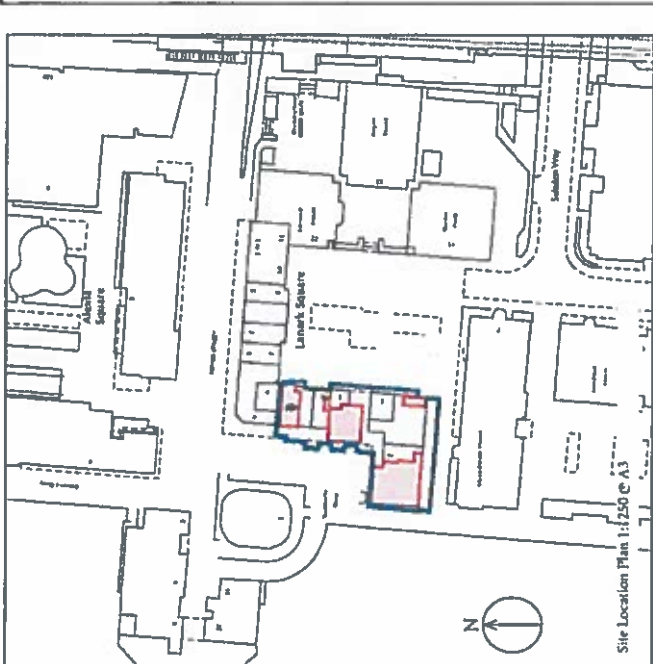
KEY	
	In LED Sign Lit Fire Emergency Exit Sign
	Emergency Lighting
	30 Press fire alarm, keep locked shut
	Fire Emergency Exit Notice
	Door Free From all Pathways
	Smoke / Heat Detector
	Wet Mounted 200 Camera Double Fire Emergency
	Wet Mounted 300 Camera Double Fire Emergency
	Emergency Self-Sampler
	Fire Alarm Call point with Fire Alarm Stop adjacent
	Fire Alarm Panel
	CCTV Camera
	Fire Resisting Construction
	Quarrying Material
	Safe or Supply of Alcohol
	GRL



Project Commercial Unit 1, Lush's Square, London E14 9RE  
 Drawing Title Premises Licence Plan  
 Drawing No 1356 Licence Plan 01  
 Date July 2017 Scale 1:100 @ A4  
Plot Dimensions to be confirmed by site inspection. Do not reproduce without LSL permission.

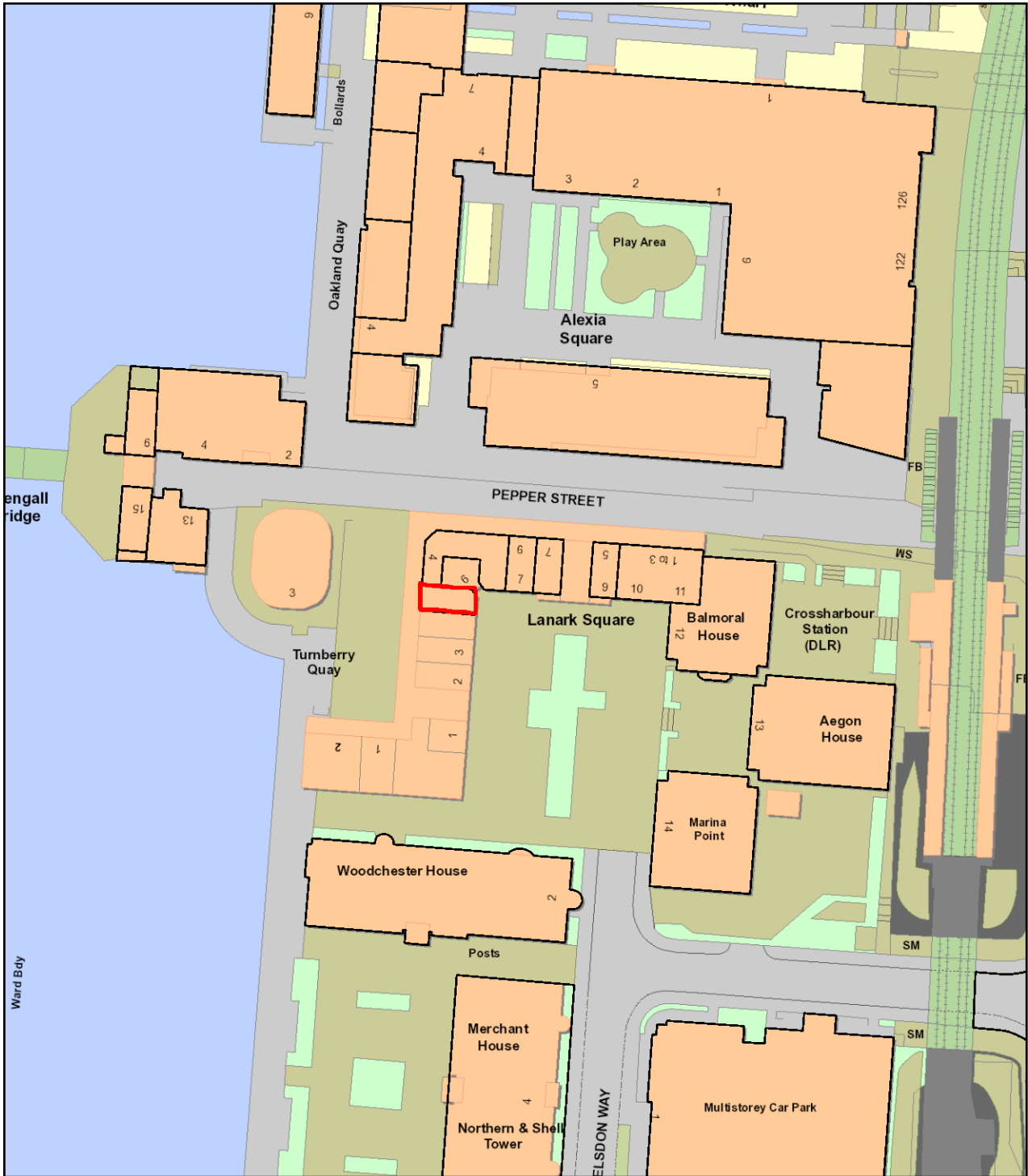
LSL





A3 TRANSPARENT CLAY  
 (A3 L4) LANARK SQUARE  
 Drawing  
 Commercial Units 1, 2 & 3  
 Scale  
 CAD File: 2209\_A3-14-04.dwg  
 Date: 15/09/17  
 Drawn: JG  
 Checked: JG  
 Project No: 2209/04  
 3229\_CV/20190  
 P

# Appendix 3

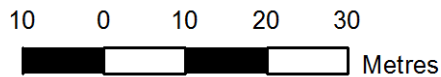


# Lanark Square Unit 1

## Map 1



Scale 1:1135







# Lanark Square

## Map 2



Scale 1:2270

20 0 20 40 60



Metres



# Appendix 4

Premises name and address	Licensable Activities and Hours	Opening Hours
<p><b>(Tesco Baltimore IOD Express)</b> Westward Parade Pepper Street Isle of Dogs London E14 9RB</p>	<p><b>Sale by retail of alcohol</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monday to Sunday, from 06:00 hours to 00:00 hours (midnight)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monday to Sunday, from 06:00 hours to 00:00 hours (midnight)</li> </ul>
<p>(Oki-Doki Nails Limited) Unit 3 Westward Parade Pepper Street</p>	<p><u>The Supply of Alcohol (on sales only)</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monday to Saturday from 10:00hrs to 19:00hrs</li> <li>Sunday from 12:00hrs (midday) to 17:00hrs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monday to Saturday from 10:00hrs to 19:00hrs</li> <li>Sunday from 12:00hrs (midday) to 17:00hrs</li> </ul>
<p>Unit 6B Baltimore Wharf Pepper Street</p>	<p><u>Sale of alcohol (on and off sales)</u> Monday to Sunday 12:00 noon – midnight</p> <p><u>Regulated entertainment.</u> Recorded music only. Monday to Sunday 12:00 noon – midnight.</p> <p><u>Late night refreshment.</u> Monday to Sunday 12:00 noon – midnight.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monday to Sunday  12:00 noon – midnight</li> </ul>
<p><b>(Pappa John's Pizza)</b> Unit 2, Westward Parade Pepper Street</p>	<p><b>The provision of late night refreshment</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sunday to Thursday, from 23:00 hours to 01:00 hours the following day (delivery only from 00:00 hours)</li> <li>Friday and Saturday, from 23:00 hours to 02:00 hours the following day (delivery only from 01:00 hours)</li> </ul> <p><u>Non standard timings</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>New Year's Eve, from 23:00 hours to 04:00 hours on New Year's Day</li> </ul>	<p><b>The opening hours of the premises</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sunday to Thursday, from 10:00 hours to 00:00 hours</li> <li>Friday and Saturday, from 10:00 hours to 01:00 hours the following day</li> </ul> <p><u>Non standard timings</u> New Year's Eve, from 10:00 hours to 04:00 hours on New Year's Day</p>

# Appendix 5

## Corinne Holland

---

**From:** Lukas Kubasek [REDACTED]  
**Sent:** 12 September 2017 21:22  
**To:** Corinne Holland  
**Cc:** [REDACTED]  
**Subject:** Re: FW: Georgiou Inc. Ltd., Lanark Square - License for Sale of Alcohol - Objection

Dear Corinne,

Yes, I will be still objecting to this.

The groups of people sitting on every weekend night next to Aegon House on the benches and drinking alcohol will have even easier situation when they will be able to buy alcohol until midnight in a new convenience store right on Lanark Square.

We as a resident association made a big mistake when we did not object to opening Pappa John's in Pepper Street (right opposite to the aforementioned benches next to Aegon House) and now every single weekend we suffer from late night parties next to our house right under our bedroom windows where people buy pizza, drink alcohol and smoke until late night / early morning.

I believe we should not make the mistake again and therefore I want to object against this application.

We pay expensive private security service which however operates only Mon-Fri. If another business wants to start selling alcohol, provide music and outside seating until late night on Lanark Square, I want the owner at least to guarantee to the resident community that they will ensure and contribute to the private security service running over the weekends when the risk of anti-social behaviour peaks, to mitigate the negative impacts on residents living on Lanark Square with their children like myself.

Thank you for taking my note for consideration.

Kind regards,  
Lukas Kubasek  
[REDACTED]

On 12 September 2017 at 09:38, Corinne Holland <[REDACTED]> wrote:

Dear Lukas

The letter stated the application was for Units 1 , 2 and 3.

Unit 1 is for a convenience store which has now reduced their hours from 6.00am to midnight after an agreement with the police to reduce the hours applied for. Would you still be objecting to this?

Each of the premises has displayed a statutory notice as to advertise what they have applied for under the licensing act.

Please advise re your objections to Unit 1.

Kind regards

*Corinne Holland - Licensing Officer*

Licensing Team . Environmental Health & Trading Standards . John Onslow House . [1 Ewart Place](#) . [London E3 5EQ](#)



**From:** Lukas Kubasek [mailto:[\[REDACTED\]](#)]  
**Sent:** 11 September 2017 17:06  
**To:** Corinne Holland  
**Cc:** [\[REDACTED\]](#)  
**Subject:** Re: FW: Georgiou Inc. Ltd., Lanark Square - License for Sale of Alcohol - Objection

Dear Corinne,

Thank you for your prompt response. Much appreciated.

I had no idea there are three independent applications in Lanark Square from Georgiou Inc. Ltd.

We simply received a letter from the Licensing Officer stating that Georgiou Inc. Ltd. are applying for a license to sell alcohol and provision music after 11pm on Lanark Square (not mentioning there are 3 applications) which is extremely concerning to us given the number of existing issues on Lanark Square and around.

We had no idea what the applicant's plans were, hence I contacted directly Mr. Georgiou (who happens to be one of the fellow leaseholders in our resident association) as well as his solicitors Dadds LLP Licensing Solicitors (who were signed on the Notice directly at the premises) asking about the business plans and details. No one has come back to me on that till date and I have therefore no idea what is the owner planning to do on Lanark Square with the late night alcohol sell.

Knowing it will be all bar/restaurant, cafe/wine bar and also a 24-hour convenience store where people can buy alcohol until late at night and consume it on the benches next to our house under our windows is even more concerning to us now.


The answer to your question therefore is, that I am concerned about *all three applications* as I believe late night business will attract even more anti-social behaviour to Lanark Square than it does now.

If the owner (or his solicitors) at least communicated with me (or the resident association) and were willing to explain the business intentions and their plans to mitigate all the negative aspects to the local community and ensure calm peaceful nights for the residents, all would be much easier. It is however the opposite and Mr. Georgiou and his solicitors are ignoring the requests to explain their plans.

I genuinely believe this is not how the local communities and resident/business relationships should work and this should be therefore a reason for rejecting the application until all this is clarified and rectified.

Thank you for your help.

Lukas Kubasek  


On 11 September 2017 at 10:45, Corinne Holland < > wrote:

Dear Lukas,

### **Licensing Act 2003**

#### **New premises Licence Application:**

Thank you for your email, the contents of which are noted.

Would you please be able to clarify which application you are objecting to. There are currently three applications in Lanark Square by the same applicant. One is for a convenience store (for a 24 hours), and there are two are for a bar/restaurants and café/wine bar (both applying for midnight on Thurs-Saturday)

Please note that your representation will become a public document (contact details redacted) and the applicant is entitled to a full, un-redacted copy of your representation. They may wish to contact you to mediate an amendment of their application, in order to address your concerns; with a view to you potentially withdrawing your objection. Should you wish to withdraw, please advise in writing to this email address.

If the representation(s) is not resolved then the matter will be dealt with by way of a public hearing by the Tower Hamlets Licensing Sub-Committee. You will be notified by the Democratic Services at Mulberry Place, [5 Clove Crescent, London E14 2BG](#) of the date, time and venue of the public hearing and invited to attend. If you do not attend the Hearing, the decision may still be made in your absence. Should you wish to make additional comments to the Committee in your absence, please advise Democratic Services directly.

If I can be of any further help, do not hesitate to contact me.

Regards

*Corinne Holland - Licensing Officer*

Licensing Team . Environmental Health & Trading Standards . John Onslow House . [1 Ewart Place . London E3 5EQ](#)



---

**From:** Catrina Marshall **On Behalf Of** Licensing  
**Sent:** 08 September 2017 10:45  
**To:** Corinne Holland  
**Subject:** FW: Georgiou Inc. Ltd., Lanark Square - License for Sale of Alcohol - Objection

FYI

**From:** Lukas Kubasek [redacted]  
**Sent:** 07 September 2017 23:48  
**To:** Licensing  
**Cc:** [redacted]  
**Subject:** Georgiou Inc. Ltd., Lanark Square - License for Sale of Alcohol - Objection



Dear Licensing Officer,

I would like to **strongly object** against the proposed application for license to sell alcohol, provide music and late night refreshments after 11 pm requested for by Georgiou Inc. on Lanark Square, London.

I own and live with my wife and children in [REDACTED] and our flat windows directly face Lanark Square where the premises should be open.

This area next to the Crossharbour DLR station suffers massively from anti-social behaviour. Incredible amount of people pass every day from Lanark Square including late night right under our windows in the narrow passageway between Aegon House and Balmoral House. These amounts will be multiplied if a new venue with late night hours opens on Lanark Square.

There are groups of drunk people holding late night parties in front of Aegon House drinking alcohol, smoking and producing a lot of noise so that we cannot even keep our windows open. This anti-social behaviour will be multiplied with people leaving the new pub/bar and holding after-parties on the only benches at the DLR station - in front of the Aegon House and right under our windows.

This is especially unpleasant as our children have their bedrooms oriented towards the inner Lanark Square where the new business is supposed to run after 11pm.

We understand that the new venue is supposed to have outside seating area too. We can see how much noise, garbage, loud music and broken glass late at night can make just couple of drunk individuals buying pizza in the adjacent Pizza Hut and eating/drinking on the benches next to our block. We cannot even imagine what kind of noise will we need to deal with if a whole new pub/restaurant is going to be open right on Lanark Square where all our bedroom windows including the kids room are orientated.

Please do not give the permission to just another late night business in this area. It is already a very unsafe area with a lot of late night disturbance which can be proven by the high amount of incidents solved by our private security as well as the metropolitan police incidents we regularly report for around our block.

We would be fine with a new normal day hours business, but we strongly object against opening just another pub in the area with evening/night operating time. The beautiful Lanark Square area and the people living here do not deserve it.

Thank you for taking our view into consideration.

Kind regards,

Lukas Kubasek



\*\*\*\*\*

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\*\*\*\*\*

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# Appendix 6

## Corinne Holland

---

**From:** Ross Knapp [REDACTED]  
**Sent:** 08 September 2017 09:31  
**To:** Licensing  
**Subject:** Ref: CLC/EHTS/LIC/102674

**Follow Up Flag:** Follow up  
**Flag Status:** Completed

Good morning,

**Your Ref: CLC/EHTS/LIC/102674**

I'm a resident living directly opposite the proposed venue of which the above referenced application is for. **I would like to state my support for this application** on the following grounds:-

- 1) The Lanark Square/Pepper Street areas are in need of investment and regeneration. There are many abandoned and run down commercial units. This will bring a much needed high quality establishment to the area, directly impacting on the well-being of the residents and the vibrancy of the overall area.
- 2) Another planning application for 21 Pepper St, Isle of Dogs, London E14 9RP was recently filed, which would see the closure of a local public house (the Pepper Saint Ontoid) for the duration of construction. The opening of these venues would negate the loss of this local amenity.

Therefore, I support this application.

Kind regards,

Ross Knapp

# Appendix 7

## **Section 182 Advice by the Home Office Updated on April 2017**

### Relevant, vexatious and frivolous representations

- 9.4 A representation is “relevant” if it relates to the likely effect of the grant of the licence on the promotion of at least one of the licensing objectives. For example, a representation from a local businessperson about the commercial damage caused by competition from new licensed premises would not be relevant. On the other hand, a representation by a businessperson that nuisance caused by new premises would deter customers from entering the local area, and the steps proposed by the applicant to prevent that nuisance were inadequate, would be relevant. In other words, representations should relate to the impact of licensable activities carried on from premises on the objectives. For representations in relation to variations to be relevant, they should be confined to the subject matter of the variation. There is no requirement for a responsible authority or other person to produce a recorded history of problems at premises to support their representations, and in fact this would not be possible for new premises.
- 9.5 It is for the licensing authority to determine whether a representation (other than a representation from responsible authority) is frivolous or vexatious on the basis of what might ordinarily be considered to be vexatious or frivolous. A representation may be considered to be vexatious if it appears to be intended to cause aggravation or annoyance, whether to a competitor or other person, without reasonable cause or justification. Vexatious circumstances may arise because of disputes between rival businesses and local knowledge will therefore be invaluable in considering such matters. Licensing authorities can consider the main effect of the representation, and whether any inconvenience or expense caused by it could reasonably be considered to be proportionate.
- 9.6 Frivolous representations would be essentially categorised by a lack of seriousness. Frivolous representations would concern issues which, at most, are minor and in relation to which no remedial steps would be warranted or proportionate.
- 9.7 Any person who is aggrieved by a rejection of their representations on either of these grounds may lodge a complaint through the local authority’s corporate complaints procedure. A person may also challenge the authority’s decision by way of judicial review.

- 9.8 Licensing authorities should not take decisions about whether representations are frivolous, vexatious or relevant to the licensing objectives on the basis of any political judgement. This may be difficult for councillors who receive complaints from residents within their own wards. If consideration is not to be delegated, contrary to the recommendation in this Guidance, an assessment should be prepared by officials for consideration by the sub- committee before any decision is taken that necessitates a hearing. Any councillor who considers that their own interests are such that they are unable to consider the matter independently should disqualify themselves.
- 9.9 It is recommended that, in borderline cases, the benefit of the doubt about any aspect of a representation should be given to the person making that representation. The subsequent hearing would then provide an opportunity for the person or body making the representation to amplify and clarify it.
- 9.10 Licensing authorities should consider providing advice on their websites about how any person can make representations to them.

# Appendix 8



## Anti-Social Behaviour on the Premises

### Licensing Policy

The Licensing Authority expects the applicant to have addressed all crime and disorder issues relating to the premises in their operating schedule and to have sought appropriate advice. (**See Section 6 of the Licensing Policy**)

The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to deter crime and disorder and these may include conditions drawn from the Model Poll of Conditions relating to Crime and Disorder. (**See Appendix 3 of the Licensing Policy**). In particular Members may wish to consider (this list is not exhaustive):

- Methods of management communication
- Use of registered Door Supervisors
- Bottle Bans
- Plastic containers
- CCTV
- Restrictions on open containers for “off sales”
- Restrictions on drinking areas
- Capacity
- Proof of Age scheme
- Crime prevention notices
- Drinks promotions-aimed at stopping irresponsible promotions
- Signage
- Seating plans
- Capacity

If Members believe that there is a substantial problem of anti-social behaviour and it cannot be proportionately addressed by licensing conditions they should refuse the application.

### Police Powers

The Licensing Act 2003, Part 8 gives a senior police officer the power to close a premises for up to 24 hours where the officer believes there is, or is likely to be disorder on or in the vicinity and closure is necessary in the interests of public safety.

### Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

The pool of conditions, adopted by the Council is recommended (Annexe D).

The key role of the Police and SIA is acknowledged (2.1-2.2).

Conditions attached to licences cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder

and their staff or agents, but can directly impact on the behaviour of customers in the immediate vicinity of the premises as they seek entry or leave (1.16).

Conditions are best targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder (2.3) communication, CCTV, police liaison, no glasses, capacity limits are all relevant (2.3 - 2.6).

The Guidance recognises working with Home Office Immigration Enforcement in the prevention of immigration crime. Licence conditions that are considered appropriate for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises might include requiring a premises licence holder to undertake right to work checks on all staff employed at the licensed premises or requiring that a copy of any document checked as part of a right to work check are retained at the licensed premises.

#### Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Conditions can be imposed for large capacity “vertical consumption” premises (10.23 – 10.24).

#### Guidance Issued by the Office of Fair Trading

This relates to attempts to control minimum prices.

#### Other Legislation

- The Council has a duty under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder

# Appendix 9

## **Anti-Social Behaviour from Patrons Leaving the Premises**

### General Advice

Members need to bear in mind that once patrons have left a premises they are no longer under direct control. Members will need to be satisfied that there is a link between the way the premises is operating and the behaviour that is complained of. An example of this would be that irresponsible drinking is being encouraged. Before deciding that any particular licensing conditions are proportionate, Members will also need to be satisfied that other legislation is not a more effective route. For example, if the problem is drinking in the street it may be that the Council should designate the area as a place where alcohol cannot be consumed in public.

Members may also wish to consider whether the hours of opening relate to any problems of anti-social behaviour.

If Members believe that there is a substantial problem of anti-social behaviour and it cannot be proportionately addressed by licensing conditions they should refuse the application.

### Licensing Policy

The policy recognises that other legislation or measures may be more appropriate but also states that licensing laws are “a key aspect of such control and will always be part of an overall approach to the management of the evening and night time economy” (**see Section 4.15 and 4.16 of the Licensing Policy**).

The Licensing Authority expects the applicant to have addressed all crime and disorder issues relating to the premises in their operating schedule and to have sought appropriate advice. (**See Sections 6.2 of the Licensing Policy**)

The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to deter crime and disorder and these may include Conditions drawn from the Model Poll of Conditions relating to Crime and Disorder. (**See Appendix 3 of the Licensing Policy**). In particular Members may wish to consider (this list is not exhaustive):

- Bottle Bans
- Plastic containers
- CCTV (outside the premises)
- Restrictions on open containers for “off sales”
- Proof of Age scheme
- Crime prevention notices
- Drinks promotions-aimed at stopping irresponsible promotions
- Signage

## Cumulative Impact

There is a process by which the Licensing Authority can determine that an area is saturated following representations. However, the process for this involves wide consultation and cannot come from representations about a particular application. (**See Section 8 of the Licensing Policy**).

## Police Powers

The Licensing Act 2003, Part 8 gives a senior police officer the power to close a premises for up to 24 hours where the officer believes there is, or is likely to be disorder on or in the vicinity and closure is necessary in the interests of public.

## Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

The key role of the Police is acknowledged (2.1).

Conditions attached to licences cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder, but can relate to the immediate vicinity of the premises as they seek entry or leave (1.16).

Conditions are best targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder (2.3) CCTV inside & out, communication, police liaison, no glasses are all relevant

There is also guidance issued around public nuisance (2.15 – 2.21).

The pool of conditions, adopted by the Council is recommended (see Appendix 3 of the Licensing Policy). Licence conditions should not duplicate other legislation (1.16).

Necessary and appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods and may address disturbance as customers enter or leave the premises but it is essential that conditions are focused on measures within the direct control of the licence holder (2.18/2.21).

Licensing law is not the primary mechanism for the general control of nuisance and anti-social behaviour by individuals once they are away from the licensed premises and, therefore, beyond the direct control of the individual, club or business holding the licence, certificate or authorisation concerned (14.13).

## Other Legislation

### Crime and Disorder Act 1998

The Council has a duty under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder.

The Act also introduced a wide range of measures designed to address anti-social behaviour committed by adults and young people. These include:

- Anti-Social Behaviour Orders
- Child Curfew Schemes
- Truancy
- Parenting Orders
- Reparation Orders
- Tackling Racism

# Appendix 10

## **Acting as a Magnet Attracting the Young who then engage in Anti-Social Behaviour**

### General Advice

Members will need to consider whether any of the problems alleged to be associated with young people are the responsibility of the premises. Are they encouraging gangs in any way? If not, there may not be any proportionate conditions that can be applied? Are these patrons of the premises?

If Members believe that there is a substantial problem of anti-social behaviour and it cannot be proportionately addressed by licensing conditions they should refuse the application. However, hours may be an important issue.

### Licensing Policy

The policy recognises that other legislation or measures may be more appropriate (in relation to the behaviour of patrons who have left the premises) but also states that licensing laws are “a key aspect of such control and will always be part of an overall approach to the management of the evening and night time economy.” **(See Section 4.10 and 4.11 of the Licensing Policy).**

The Licensing Authority expects the applicant to have addressed all crime and disorder issues relating to the premises in their operating schedule and to have sought appropriate advice. **(See Sections 5.2 of the Licensing Policy)**

The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to deter crime and disorder and these may include Conditions drawn from the Model Poll of Conditions relating to Crime and Disorder. **(See Appendix 2 Annex D of the Licensing Policy).** In particular Members may wish to consider (this list is not exhaustive):

- CCTV (outside the premises)
- Restrictions on open containers for “off sales”
- Proof of Age scheme
- Crime prevention notices
- Drinks promotions-aimed at stopping irresponsible promotions
- Signage

### Cumulative Impact

There is a process by which the Licensing Authority can determine that an area is saturated following representations. However the process for this involves wide consultation and cannot come from representations about a particular application. **(See Section 6 of the Licensing Policy).**

### Police Powers



The Licensing Act 2003, Part 8 gives a senior police officer the power to close a premises for up to 24 hours where the officer believes there is, or is likely to be disorder on or in the vicinity and closure is necessary in the interests of public.

### Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Conditions can be imposed for large capacity “vertical consumption” premises (10.23 – 10.24).

### Other Legislation

#### Crime and Disorder Act 1998

The Council has a duty under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder.

#### Anti-Social Behaviour Act 2003

The Act also introduced a wide range of measures designed to address anti-social behaviour committed by adults and young people. These include:

- Anti-Social Behaviour Orders
- Child Curfew Schemes
- Truancy
- Parenting Orders
- Reparation Orders
- Tackling Racism

# Appendix 11

# Guidance Issued by the Home Office under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Updated April 2017

## Public nuisance

- 2.15 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.
- 2.16 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It may include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.
- 2.17 Conditions relating to noise nuisance will usually concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or persons are not permitted in garden areas of the premises after a certain time. More sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts to mitigate sound escape from the premises may be appropriate. However, conditions in relation to live or recorded music may not be enforceable in circumstances where the entertainment activity itself is not licensable (see chapter 16). Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises and its licensable activities. Licensing authorities should avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community, such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.
- 2.18 As with all conditions, those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where provisions in other legislation adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.

- 2.19 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods. For example, the most sensitive period for people being disturbed by unreasonably loud music is at night and into the early morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. This is why there is still a need for a licence for performances of live music between 11 pm and 8 am. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise emanating from the premises may also be appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.
- 2.20 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.
- 2.21 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in anti-social behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

# Appendix 12

## **Prevention of Nuisance** – Licensing Policy, updated March 2015

- 10.1 Licensed premises, especially those operating late at night and in the early hours of the morning, can cause a range of nuisances impacting on people living, working or sleeping in the vicinity of the premises.
- 10.2 The concerns mainly relate to noise nuisance both from the premises and customer egress, light pollution, noxious smells and disruption from parked vehicles and due regard will be taken of the impact these may have in considering a licence. The Licensing Authority will expect Operating Schedules to satisfactorily address these issues. Applicants are advised to seek advice from the Council's Environmental Health Officers before preparing their plans and Schedules.
- 10.3 The Licensing Authority, where its discretion is engaged, will consider, where appropriate, attaching conditions to licences and permissions to prevent the problems identified in 8.2, and these may include conditions drawn from the Model Pool of Conditions in Appendix 2.

# Appendix 13

## **Access and Egress Problems**

Such as:

Disturbance from patrons arriving/leaving the premises on foot

Disturbance from patrons arriving/leaving the premises by car

Lack of adequate car parking facilities

Close proximity to residential properties

### Comment

The above have been grouped together as egress problems. Of course the particular facts will be different for each alleged problem.

Egress only is referred to-if necessary access can be added or substituted in.

### General Advice

In considering concerns relating to disturbance from egress, Members need to be satisfied that the premises under consideration has been identified as the source of the actual or potential disturbance. If they are satisfied that this is a problem, then proportionate conditions should be considered.

The hours of operation also need to be considered.

If Members believe that there is a substantial problem concerning egress and it cannot be proportionately addressed by licensing conditions, they should refuse the application.

### Licensing Policy

The policy recognises that noise nuisance can be an issue, especially if a premises is open late at night. (**See Section 10 of the Licensing Policy**).

The Licensing Authority expects the applicant to have addressed all nuisance issues relating to the premises in their operating schedule and to have sought appropriate advice from the Council's Environmental Health Officers. (**See Section 10.2 of the Licensing Policy**).

The policy also recognises that staggered closing can help prevent problems at closure time (**See Section 15.1**).

However, while all applications will be considered on their merits, consideration will be given to imposing stricter conditions in respect of noise control where premises are situated close to local residents. (**See Section 15.5**)

The Council has adopted a set of framework hours (**See 15.8 of the licensing policy**). This relates to potential disturbance caused by late night trading.



The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to prevent nuisance and these may include Conditions drawn from the Model Pool of Conditions relating to the prevention of Public Nuisance. (**See Annex G of the Licensing Policy**). In particular Members may wish to consider (this list is not exhaustive):

- hours of opening (this needs to be balanced against potential disorder caused by artificially early closing times)
- Whether certain parts should close earlier than the rest (for example a “beer garden”, or restricted in their use)
- Whether or not certain activities should have to close at an early hour, for example live music
- Conditions controlling noise or vibration (for example, noise limiters, keeping doors and windows closed).
- Prominent clear and legible notices at all exits requesting the public to respect the needs of local residents and leave the premises and area quietly

#### Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

The prevention of public nuisance could include low-level nuisance, perhaps affecting a few people living locally as well as major disturbance affecting the whole community. (2.15).

Licence conditions should not duplicate other legislation (1.16).

Any conditions should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises. Licensing authorities should be aware of the need to avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community, such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are very expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues. (2.19)

Measures can include ensuring the safe departure of customers, these can include:

- Providing information on the premises of local taxi companies who can provide safe transportation home; and
- Ensuring adequate lighting outside the premises, particularly on paths leading to and from the premises and in car parks

Necessary and appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods (2.19) and may address disturbance as customers enter or leave the premises but it is essential that conditions are focused on measures within the direct control of the licence holder.

# Appendix 14

## **Licensing Policy Relating to Hours of Trading**

All applications have to be considered on their own merits.

The Council has however adopted a set of framework hours as follows:

- Monday to Thursday, from 06:00 hrs to 23:30 hrs
- Friday and Saturday, from 06:00 hrs to 00:00 hrs (midnight)
- Sunday, from 06:00 hrs to 22:30 hrs

(see 15.8 of the Licensing Policy)

In considering the applicability of frame work hours to any particular application regard should be had to the following

- Location
- Proposed hours of regulated activities, and the proposed hours the premises are open to the public
- The adequacy of the applicant's proposals to deal with issues of crime and disorder and public nuisance
- Previous history
- Access to public transport
- Proximity to other licensed premises, and their hours

(See 15.9 of the licensing policy)

Subject to any representations to the contrary in individual cases the following premises are not generally considered to contribute to late night anti-social behaviour and will therefore generally have greater freedom

- Theatres
- Cinemas
- Premises with club premises certificates

# Appendix 15

## **Planning**

An application for a Premises Licence can be made in respect of a premises even where the premises does not have relevant Planning Permission. That application has to be considered and Members can only refuse the application where the application itself does not promote one of more of the Licensing Objectives. Members cannot refuse just because there is no planning permission. Where a Premises Licence is granted and which exceeds what is allowed by the Planning Permission and that Premises then operates in breach of planning then the operator would be liable to enforcement by Planning.